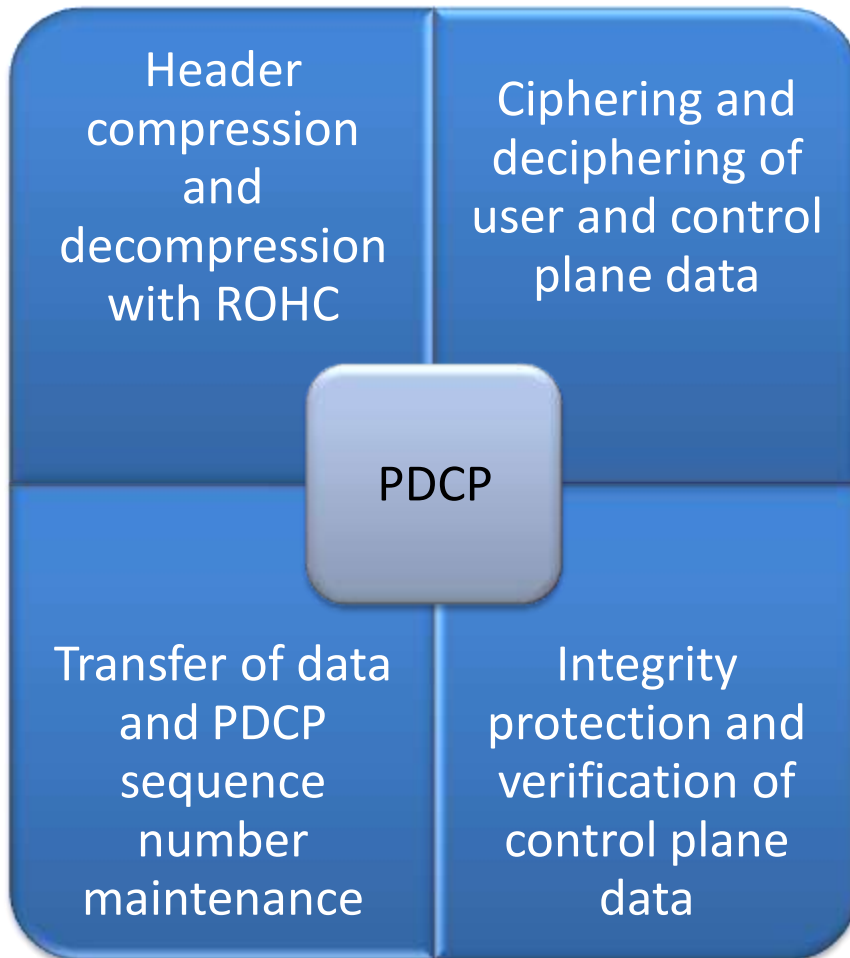


# 3GPP LTE Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) Sub Layer

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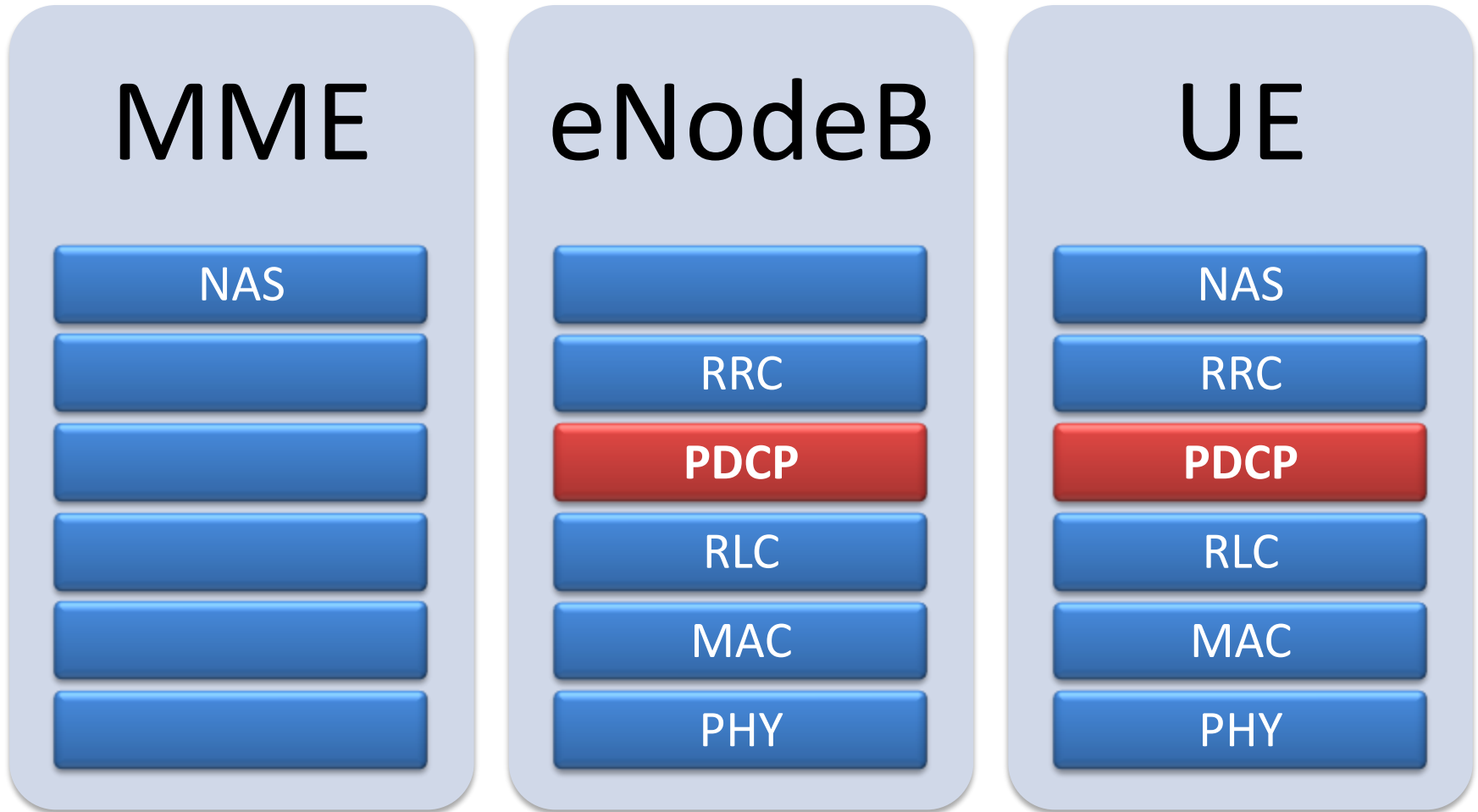
# LTE PDCP Sub Layer Functions



- Header compression and decompression of IP data flows using the ROHC protocol;
- Transfer of data (user plane or control plane);
- Maintenance of PDCP SNs;
- In-sequence delivery of upper layer PDUs at re-establishment of lower layers;
- Duplicate elimination of lower layer SDUs at re-establishment of lower layers for radio bearers mapped on RLC AM;
- Ciphering and deciphering of user plane data and control plane data;
- Integrity protection and integrity verification of control plane data
- Timer based discard
- Duplicate discarding

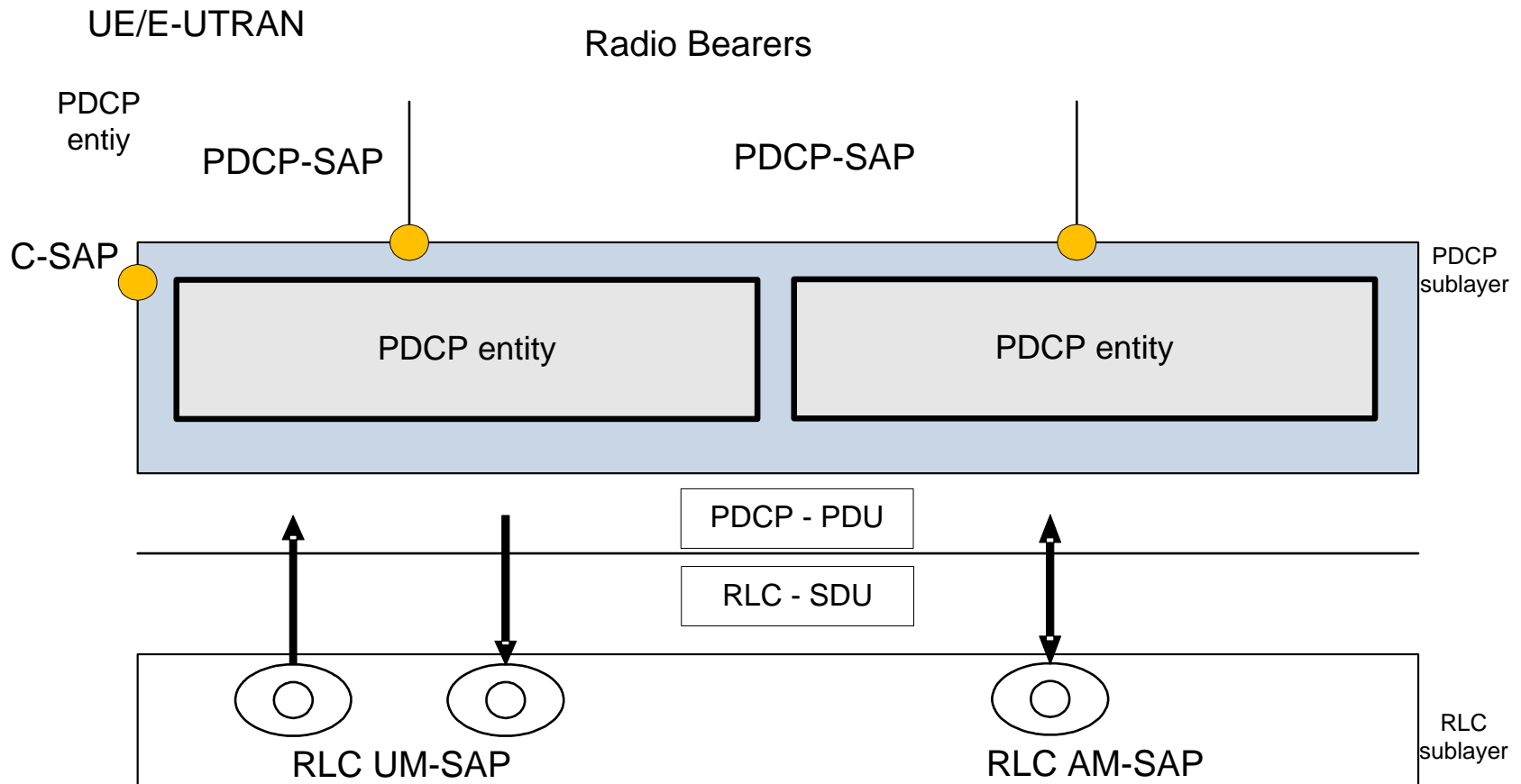
# PDCP in the LTE Protocol Stack

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- real-time and embedded systems



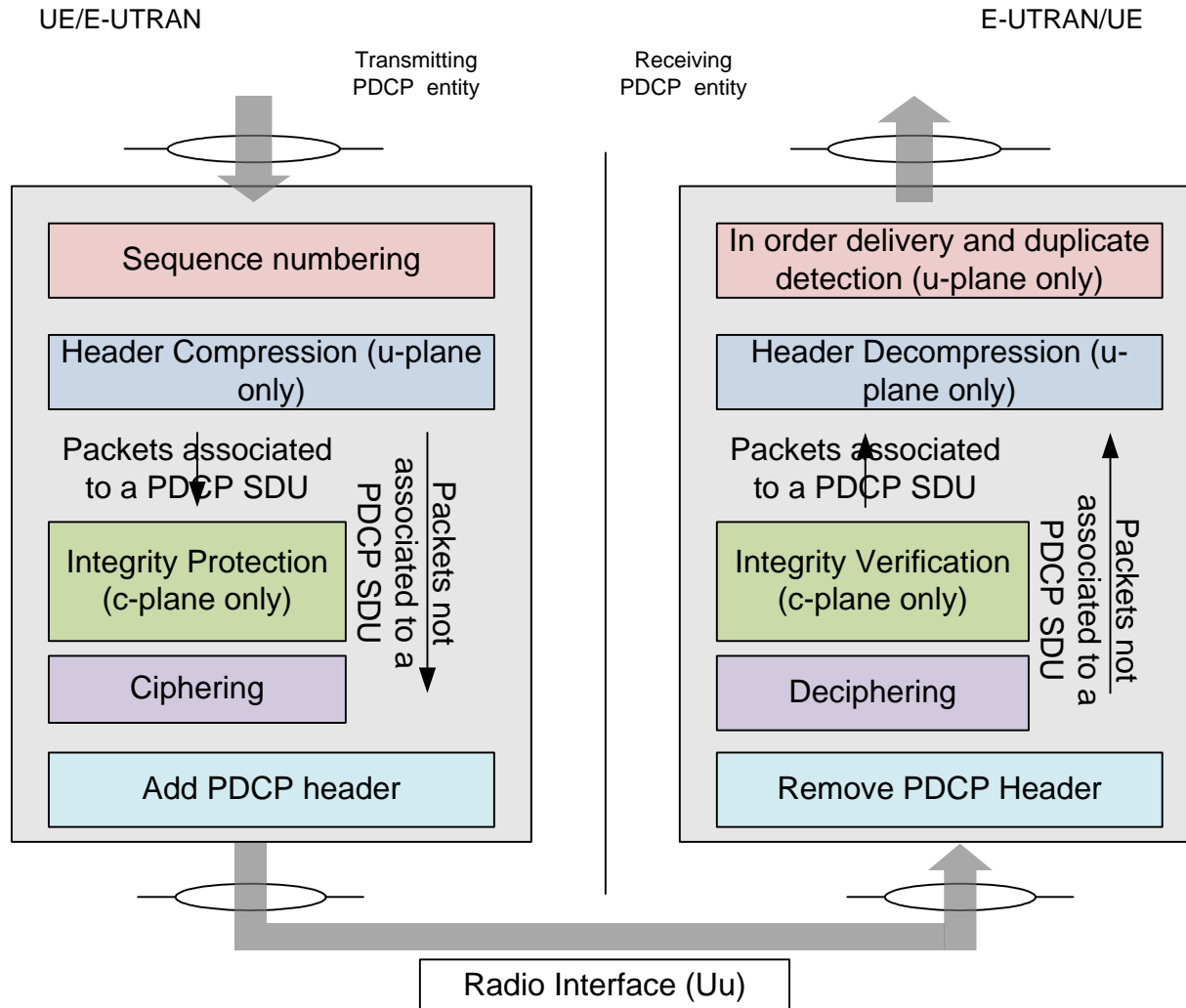
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# LTE PDCP – Layer View



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# PDCP Layer Functions



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3GPP LTE Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) Sub Layer

# ROBUST HEADER COMPRESSION

# RoHC Modes

## Unidirectional Mode (U-Mode)

- Packets are only sent in one direction: from compressor to decompressor.
- This mode therefore makes ROHC usable over links where a return path from decompressor to compressor is unavailable or undesirable.

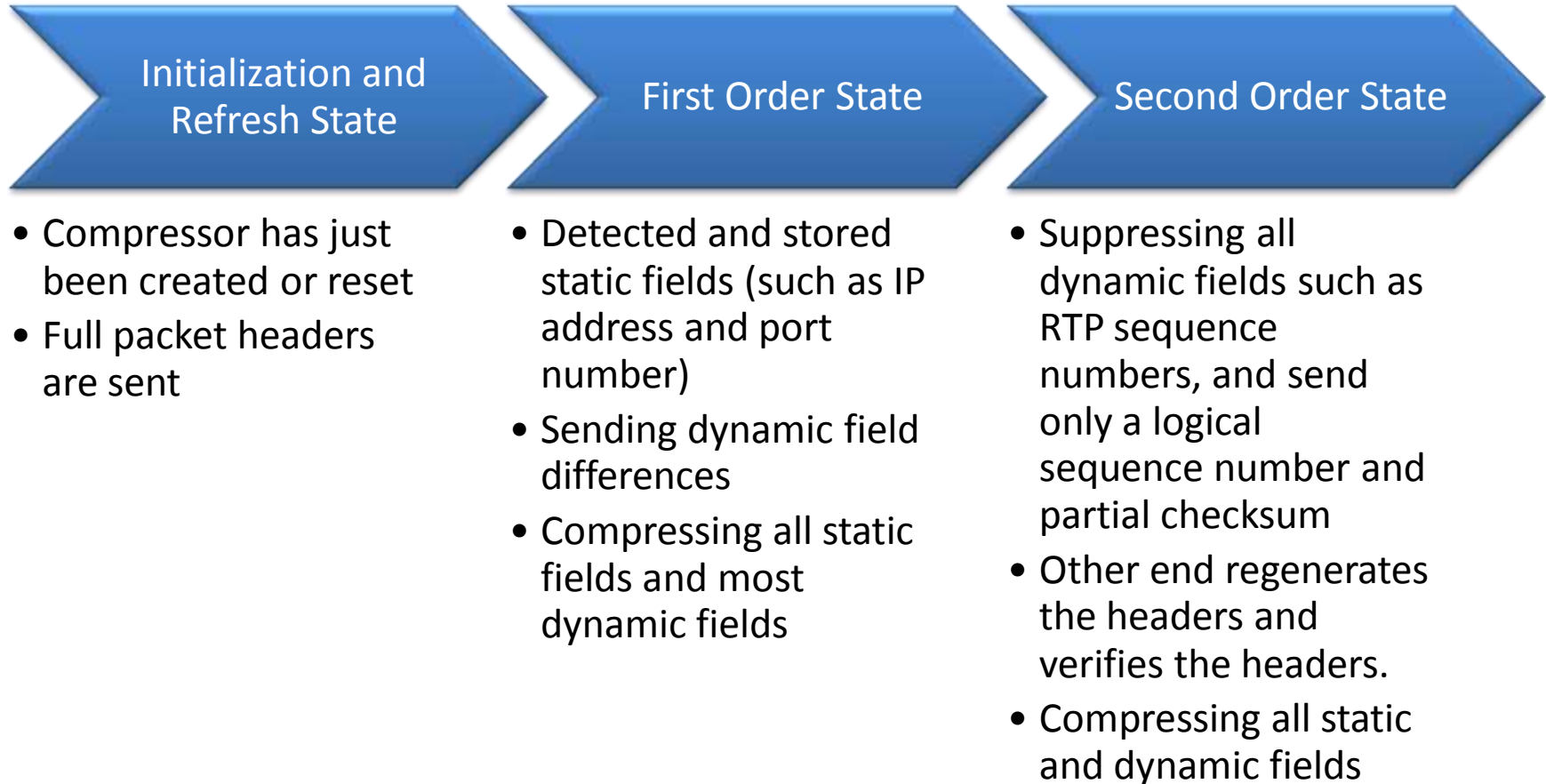
## Bidirectional Optimistic Mode (O-Mode)

- Similar to the Unidirectional mode, except that a feedback channel is used to send error recovery requests and (optionally) acknowledgments of significant context updates from the decompressor to compressor.
- The O-mode aims to maximize compression efficiency and sparse usage of the feedback channel.

## Bidirectional Reliable Mode (R-Mode)

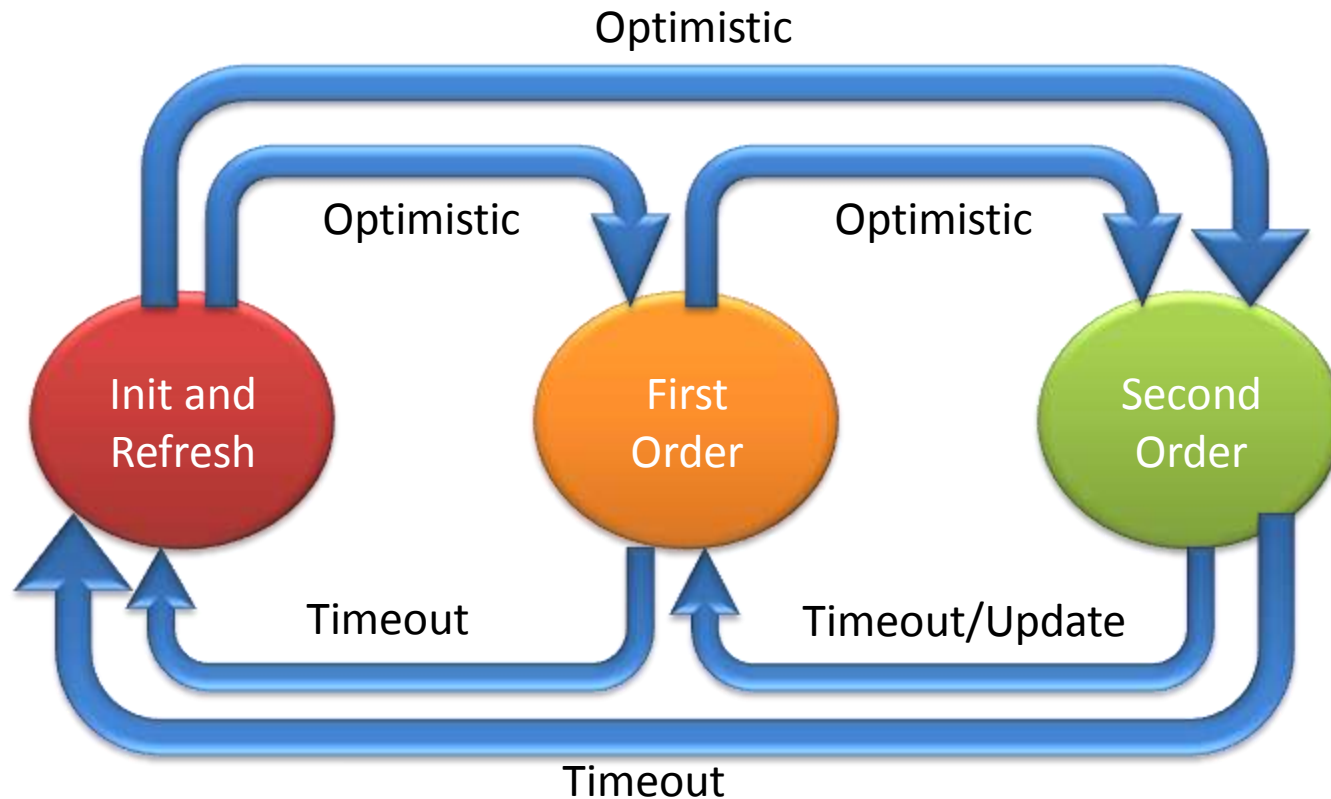
- More intensive usage of the feedback channel and a stricter logic at both the compressor and the decompressor that prevents loss of context synchronization between compressor and decompressor.

# RoHC Compressor States

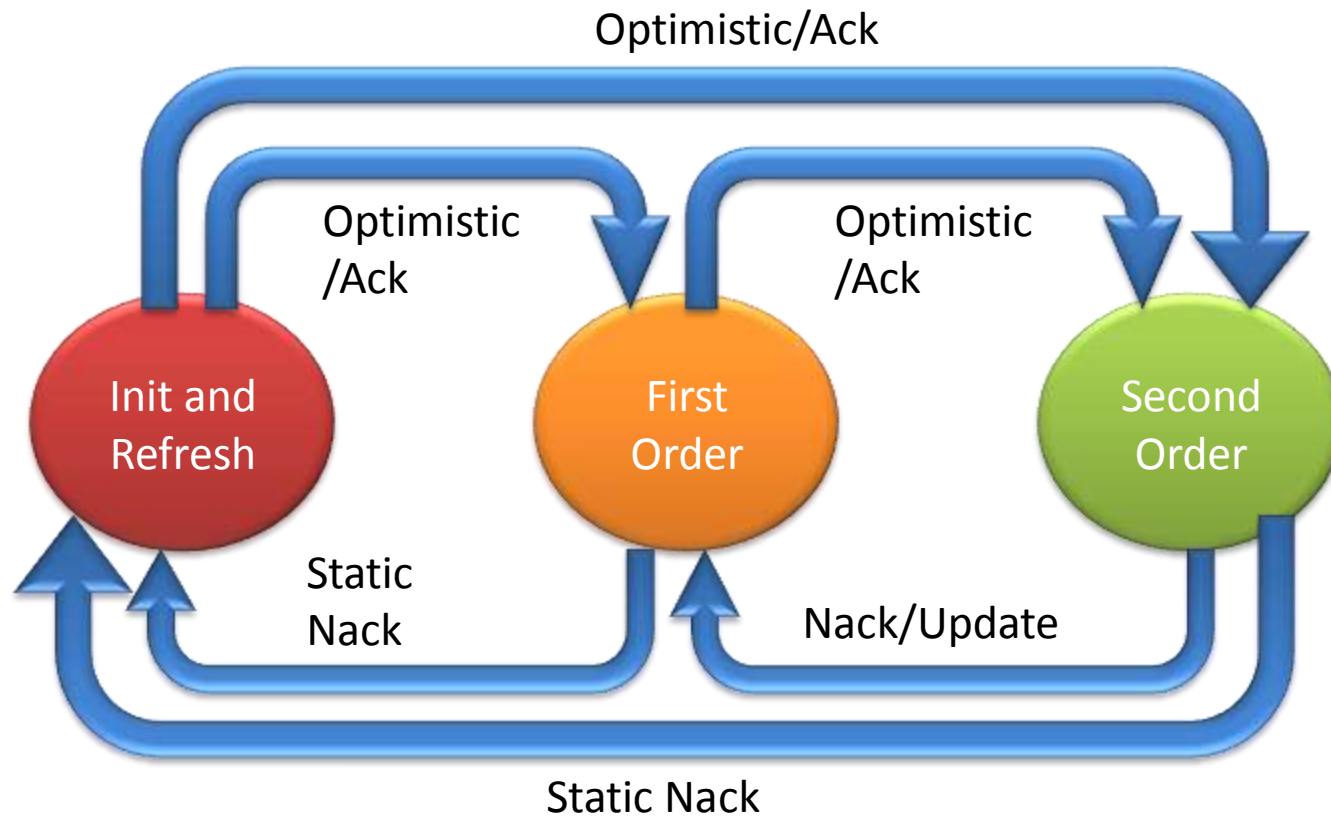




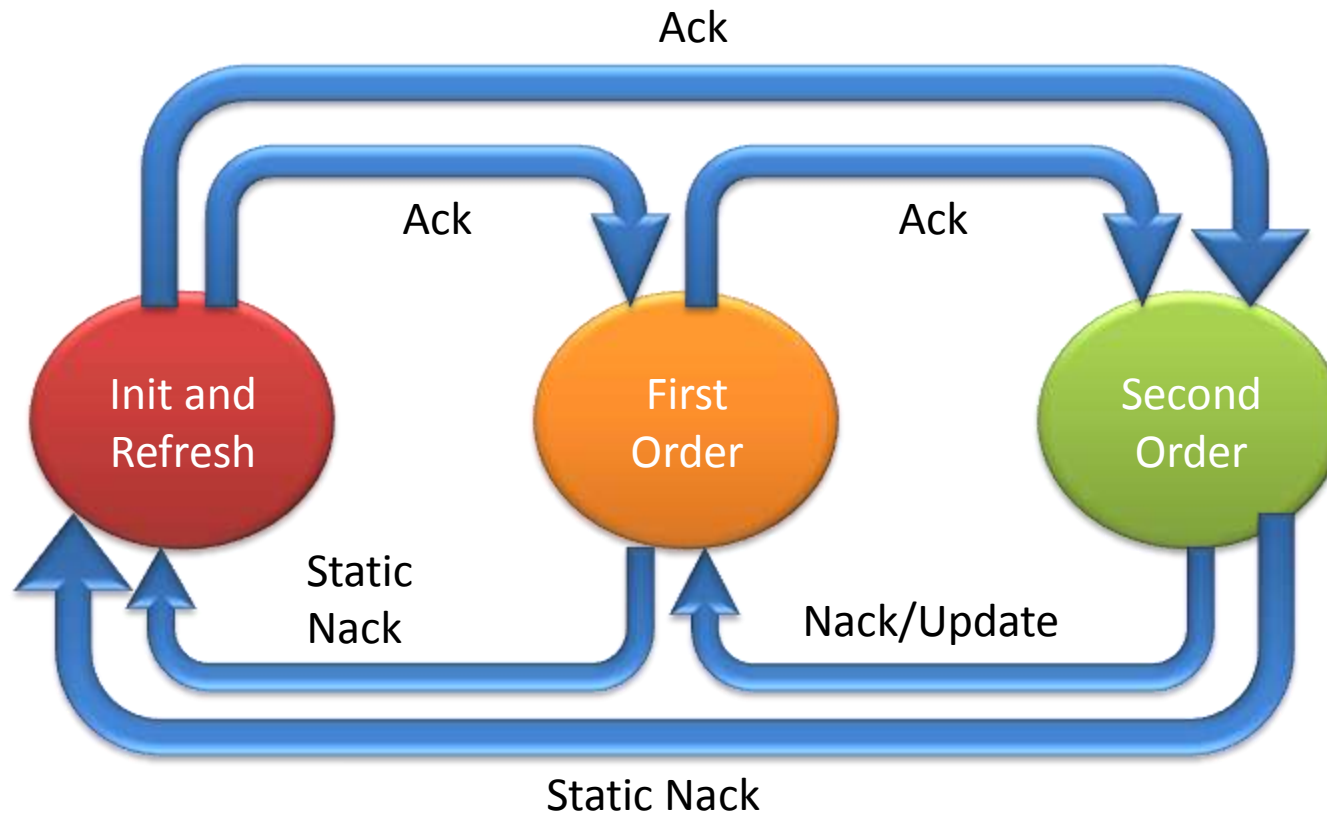
# RoHC Compressor States in Unidirectional Mode (U-Mode)



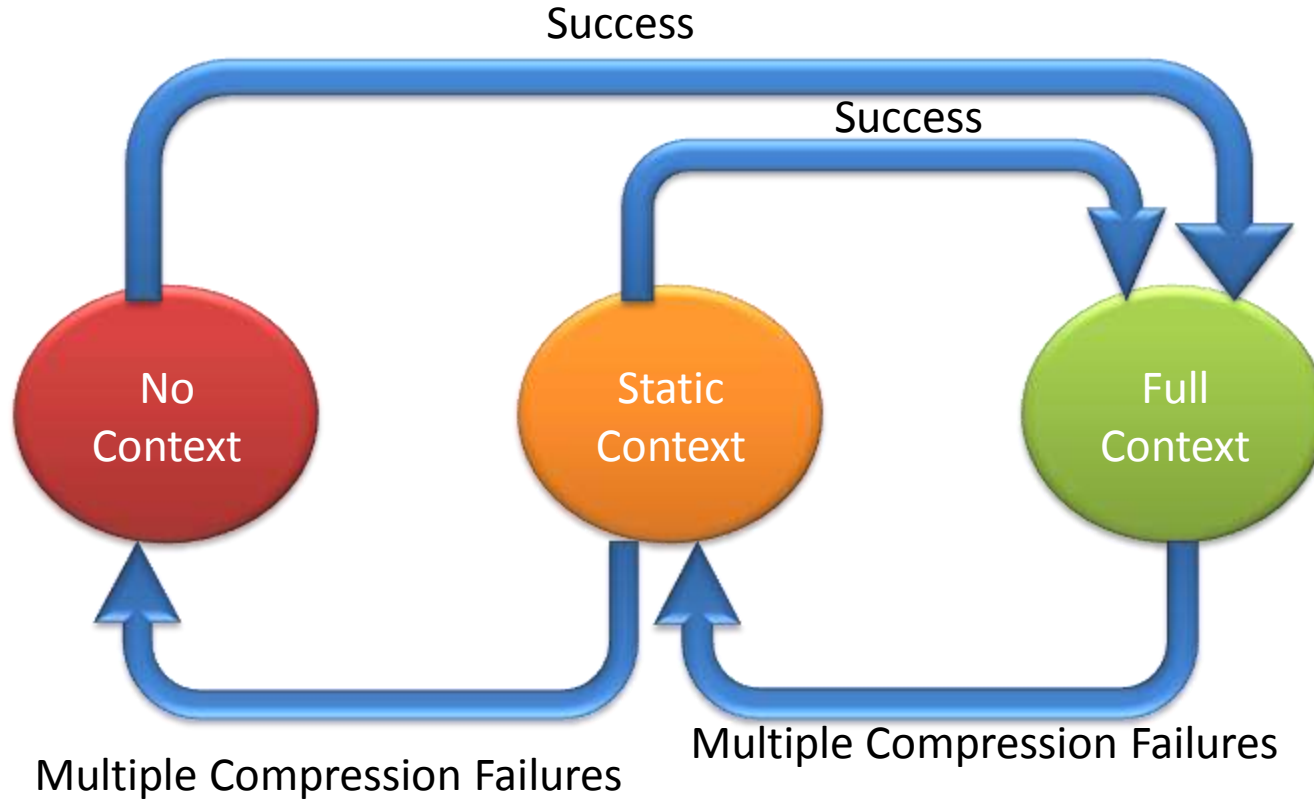
# RoHC Compressor States in Bidirectional Optimistic Mode (O-Mode)



# RoHC Compressor States in Bidirectional Reliable Mode (R-Mode)



# RoHC Decompressor States



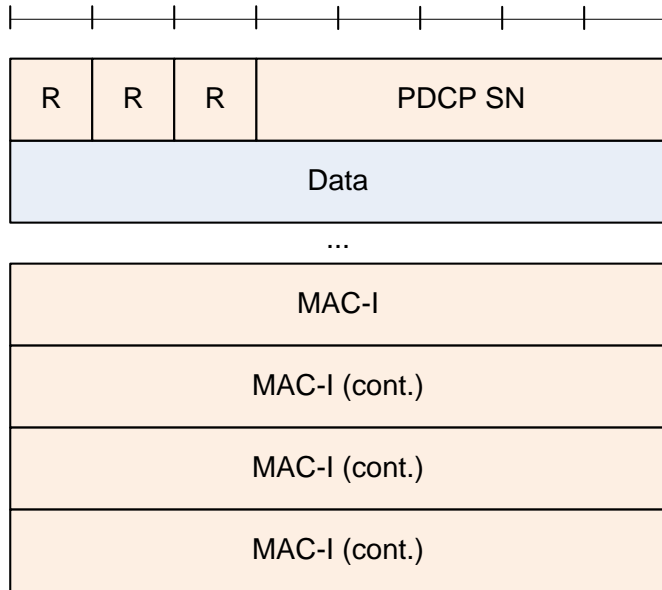
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3GPP LTE Radio Link Control (RLC) Sub Layer

# PDCP PDU FORMATS

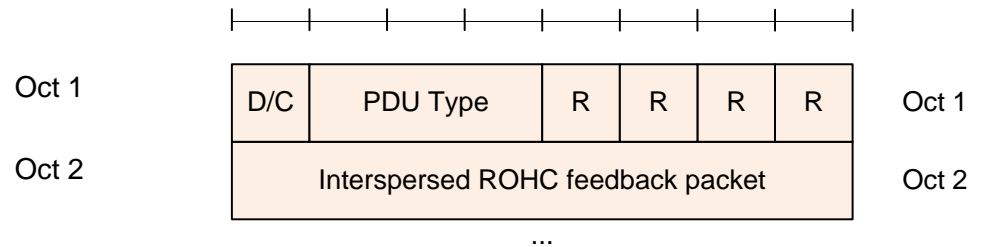
# Control Plane PDCP PDUs

## PDU for SRB

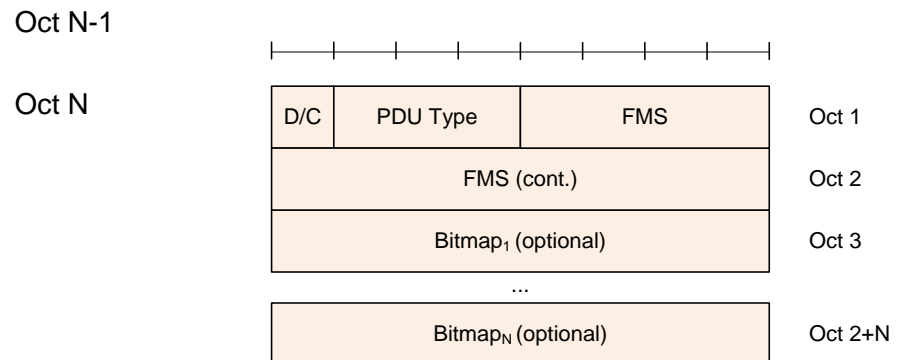


**SRB:** Signaling Radio Bearer  
**DRB:** Data Radio Bearer

## PDU for Interspersed ROHC Feedback (RLC AM and UM Mapped DRBs)



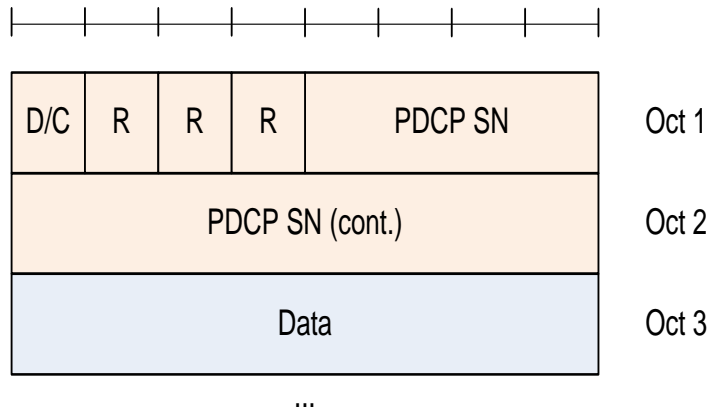
## PDU for PDCP Status Report (RLC AM Mapped DRBs)



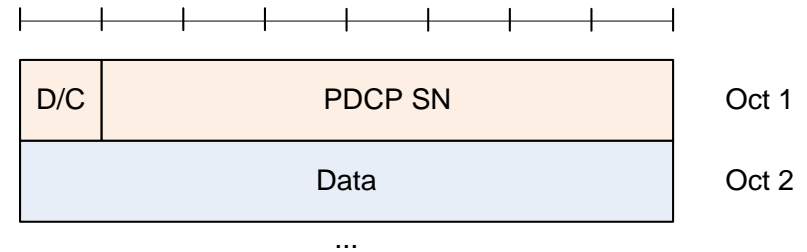
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# User Plane PDCP PDUs

## Data PDU with Long PDCP SN (12 bit) (RLC AM and UM Mapped DRBs)



## Data PDU with Short SN (7 bit) (RLC UM Mapped DRBs)



# PDCP PDU Fields 1

## PDCP SN (Serial Number)

- 5 bit for SRBs
- 7 or 12 bit for DRBs

## Data

- Uncompressed PDCP SDU (user or control plane data)
- Compressed PDU SDU (user plane data only)

## MAC-I

- Contains message authentication code
- Contains 0 in control plane messages

## COUNT

- 32 bit number made from Hyper Frame Number (HFN) and PDCP SN
- HFN bits = 32 – PDCP SN bits

## R (1 bit)

- Reserved. Should be set to 0.



# PDCP PDU Fields 2

## D/C (1 bit)

- 0 = Control PDU; 1 = Data PDU

## PDU Type (3 bit)

- 0 = PDCP Status; 1 = Interspersed ROHC Feedback Packet; Rest Reserved

## FMS (12 bit)

- PDCP SN of the first missing PDCP SDU

## Bitmap

- The MSB of the first octet of the type "Bitmap" indicates whether or not the PDCP SDU with the SN (FMS + 1) modulo 4096 has been received and, optionally decompressed correctly.
- The LSB of the first octet of the type "Bitmap" indicates whether or not the PDCP SDU with the SN (FMS + 8) modulo 4096 has been received and, optionally decompressed correctly.

## Interspersed ROHC Feedback Packet

- Contains ROHC Feedback packet

# PDCP Variables

## Next\_PDCP\_TX\_SN

- The variable Next\_PDCP\_TX\_SN indicates the PDCP SN of the next PDCP SDU for a given PDCP entity.
- At establishment of the PDCP entity, the UE shall set Next\_PDCP\_TX\_SN to 0.

## TX\_HFN

- The variable TX\_HFN indicates the HFN value for the generation of the COUNT value used for PDCP PDUs for a given PDCP entity.
- At establishment of the PDCP entity, the UE shall set TX\_HFN to 0.
- The receiving side of each PDCP entity shall maintain the following state variables:

## Next\_PDCP\_RX\_SN

- The variable Next\_PDCP\_RX\_SN indicates the next expected PDCP SN by the receiver for a given PDCP entity.
- At establishment of the PDCP entity, the UE shall set Next\_PDCP\_RX\_SN to 0.

## RX\_HFN

- The variable RX\_HFN indicates the HFN value for the generation of the COUNT value used for the received PDCP PDUs for a given PDCP entity.
- At establishment of the PDCP entity, the UE shall set RX\_HFN to 0.

## Last\_Submitted\_PDCP\_RX\_SN

- For PDCP entities for DRBs mapped on RLC AM the variable Last\_Submitted\_PDCP\_RX\_SN indicates the SN of the last PDCP SDU delivered to the upper layers.
- At establishment of the PDCP entity, the UE shall set Last\_Submitted\_PDCP\_RX\_SN to 4095.

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# Explore More

Specification	Title
<a href="#">3GPP TS 36.323</a>	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); <b>Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) specification</b>
<a href="#">3GPP TS 36.300</a>	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); <b>Overall description; Stage 2</b>
<a href="#">3GPP TS 36.321</a>	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); <b>Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification</b>
<a href="#">3GPP TS 36.322</a>	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) <b>Radio Link Control (RLC) protocol specification</b>
<a href="#">3GPP TS 36.211</a>	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); <b>Physical channels and modulation</b>

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Links	Description
<a href="#">EventStudio System Designer 4.0</a>	Sequence diagram based systems engineering tool.
<a href="#">VisualEther Protocol Analyzer 1.0</a>	Wireshark based visual protocol analysis and system design reverse engineering tool.
<a href="#">Telecom Call Flows</a>	GSM, SIP, H.323, ISUP, LTE and IMS call flows.
<a href="#">TCP/IP Sequence Diagrams</a>	TCP/IP explained with sequence diagrams.
<a href="#">Real-time and Embedded System Articles</a>	Real-time and embedded systems, call flows and object oriented design articles.