

IMS Originating to IMS Terminating Call (Caller and Called are IMS Subscribers)						
Calling UE	IMS Network				Called UE	EventStudio System Designer 4.0
Caller User Equipment	Visited IMS 1	Home IMS 1	Home IMS 2		Called User Equipment	
Caller	Orig P-CSCF	Orig S-CSCF	Term I-CSCF	Term S-CSCF	Term P-CSCF	Called

15-Dec-07 08:49 (Page 1)

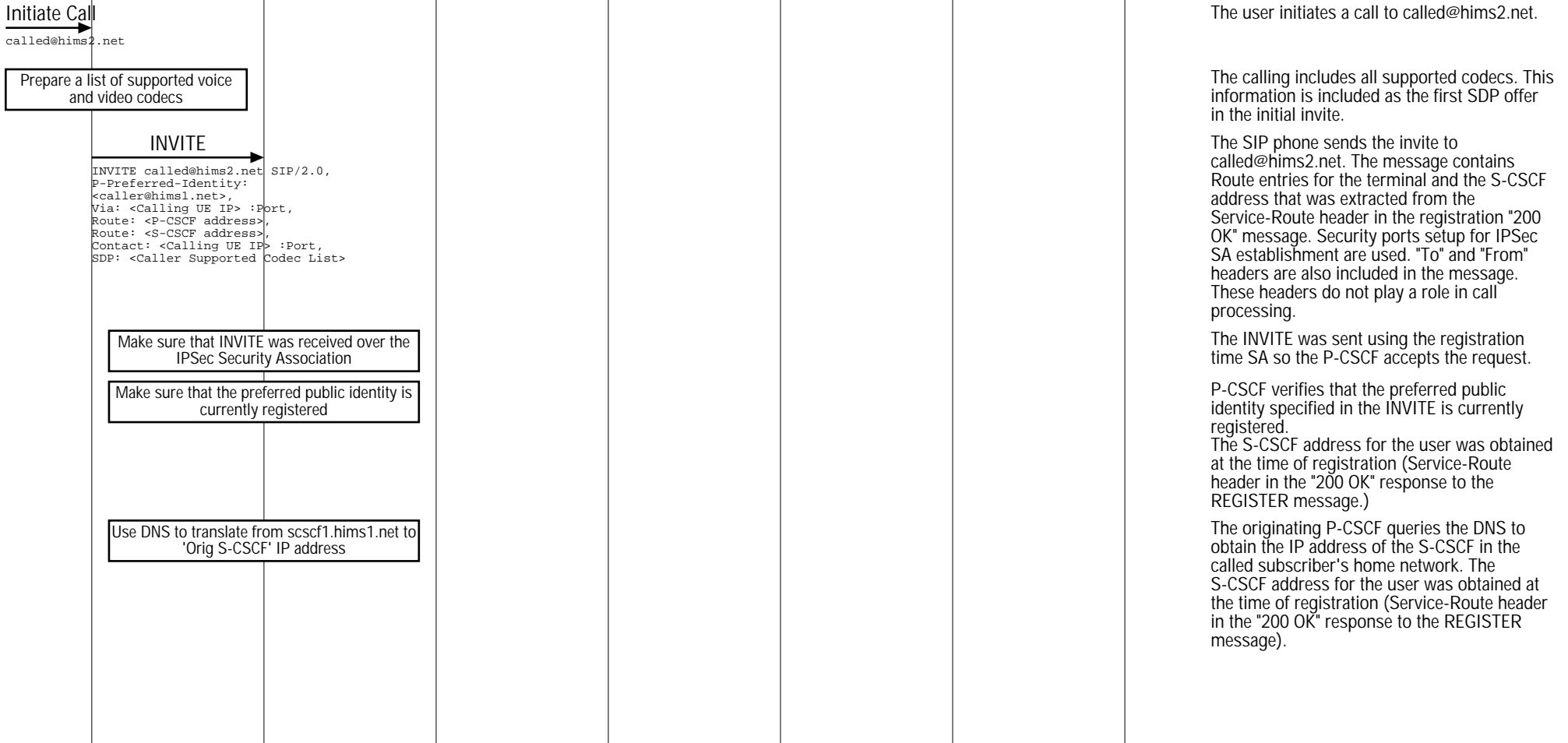
This sequence diagram describes the call setup of a call from one IMS subscriber to another IMS subscriber. The calling subscriber is roaming in another IMS supporting network. The called subscriber is in the home IMS network.

The call flow focuses on the IMS routing of SIP dialog. The major steps in the call flow are:

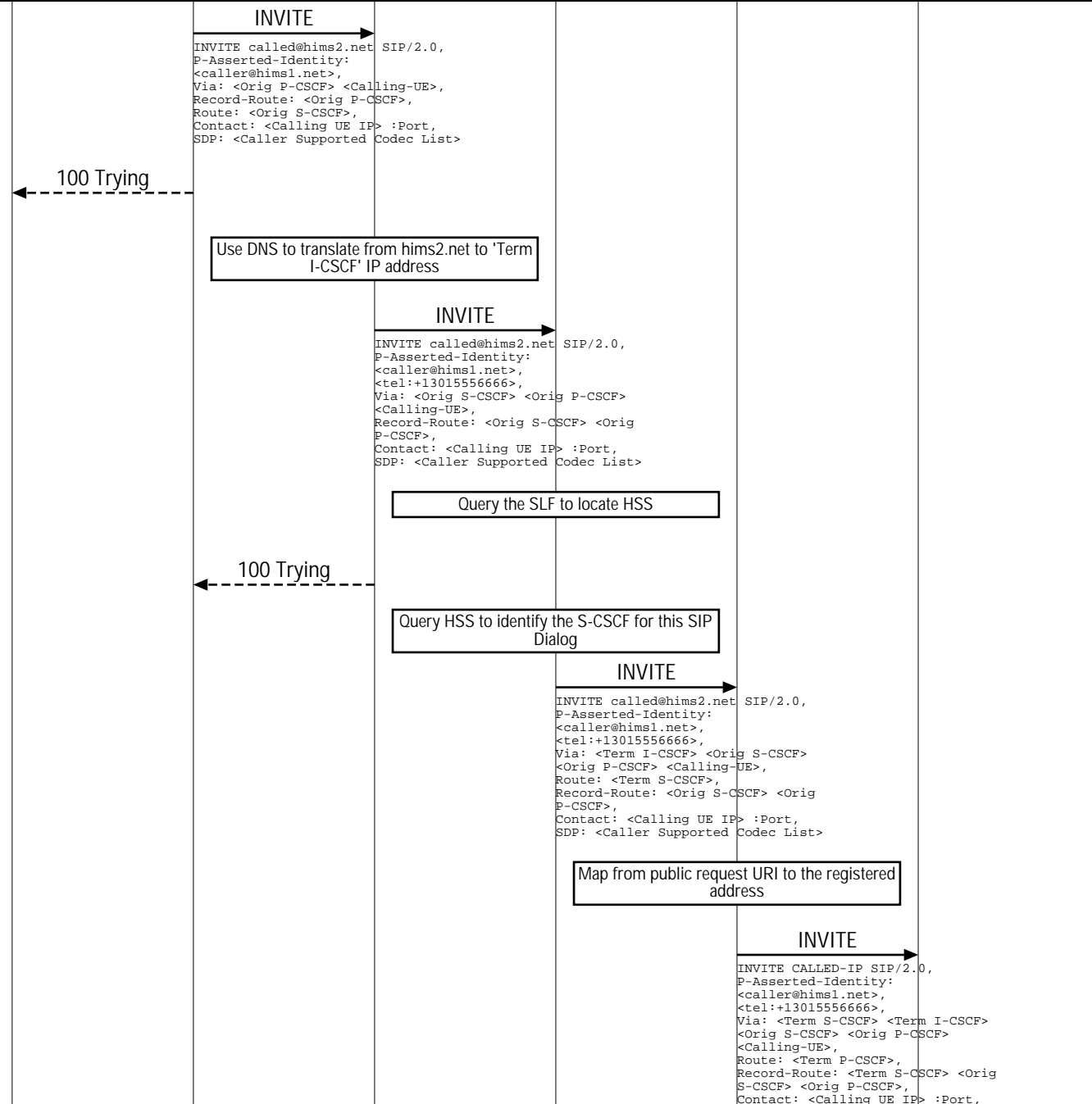
- (1) IMS Routing of Initial SIP INVITE.
- (2) IMS Routing of First Response to the SIP Invite.
- (3) PDP Context Activation and Audio/Video Path Setup.

This sequence diagram was generated with EventStudio System Designer 4.0 (<http://www.EventHelix.com/EventStudio>). Copyright © 2007 EventHelix.com Inc. All Rights Reserved.

IMS Routing of Initial SIP INVITE



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The P-CSCF replaces the preferred identity header with the asserted identity header and forwards the message to the S-CSCF in the home network. It adds a Record-Route header with its own address.

The P-CSCF just acknowledges the INVITE to the UE. The "100 Trying" message indicates that the call setup is in progress.

The originating S-CSCF queries the DNS to obtain the IP address of the I-CSCF in the called subscriber's home network.

The S-CSCF removes the Route header and routes the INVITE to the I-CSCF IP address obtained from the DNS query. Note that the S-CSCF has added the telephone URL to the P-Asserted-Identity. The Via and Record-Route headers are also updated with self address.

The I-CSCF queries the Subscription Location Function (SLF) to identify the HSS that needs to be queried.

The S-CSCF acknowledges the INVITE that was received from P-CSCF.

Query the HSS to obtain the S-CSCF for the user.

As a part of the message processing, a route entry is added for the Term S-CSCF. A new Via header is added to record that the message traversed this I-CSCF. The message is forwarded to the first route header (in this case, the "Term S-CSCF").

Map from the public URI to the called subscriber's registered IP address and port number.

The public URI in the SIP INVITE is replaced with the called subscriber's registered IP address and port number. The message is routed to the P-CSCF IP address that was recorded at the time of registration. The Via and Record-Route headers are updated.

IMS Originating to IMS Terminating Call (Caller and Called are IMS Subscribers)							EventStudio System Designer 4.0 15-Dec-07 08:49 (Page 3)
Calling UE	IMS Network					Called UE	
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Caller	Orig P-CSCF	Orig S-CSCF	Term I-CSCF	Term S-CSCF	Term P-CSCF	Called	

Obtain a media authorization token from the PDF

INVITE

```
INVITE CALLED-IP SIP/2.0,
P-Asserted-Identity:
<caller@hims1.net>,
<tel:+13015556666>,
Via: <Term P-CSCF>;port <Term
S-CSCF> <Term I-CSCF> <Orig
S-CSCF> <Orig P-CSCF>
<Calling-UE>,
Route: <Term P-CSCF>;port,
Record-Route: <Term S-CSCF> <Orig
S-CSCF> <Orig P-CSCF>,
Contact: <Called UE IP> :Port,
SDP: <Caller Supported Codec
List>,
P-Media-Authorization
```

The terminating P-CSCF requests the Policy Decision Function (PDF) to generate a media authorization token. The token will be included in the INVITE sent to the terminating UE.

The P-CSCF updates the Via and Route-Record headers and forwards the request to the Called UE. Note that the secure port is included in the Via address specification. The message also includes the media authorization token. This token will have to be passed to the GGSN in the PDP context activation request.

100 Trying

100 Trying

100 Trying

Prepare a list of Codecs common between the Caller and the Called subscriber

The Caller examines the SDP list of available codec. It prunes the list by excluding codecs that are not supported by the called subscriber. This list will be included in the 183 message sent to the caller.

IMS Routing of First Response to the SIP Invite

183 Session Progress

```
Via: <Term P-CSCF>;port <Term
S-CSCF> <Term I-CSCF> <Orig
S-CSCF> <Orig P-CSCF>
<Calling-UE>,
Record-Route: <Term S-CSCF>;port
<Orig S-CSCF> <Orig P-CSCF>,
Contact: <Calling UE IP> :Port,
SDP: <Codecs supported by Caller
and Called>
```

The UE replies indicating that the session is in progress. The contact address is set its own IP address. The Via and the Record-Route headers are copied from the received INVITE.

183 Session Progress

```
Via: <Term S-CSCF> <Term I-CSCF>
<Orig S-CSCF> <Orig P-CSCF>
<Calling-UE>,
Record-Route: <Term S-CSCF> <Orig
S-CSCF> <Orig P-CSCF>,
Contact: <Calling UE IP> :Port,
SDP: <Codecs supported by Caller
and Called>
```

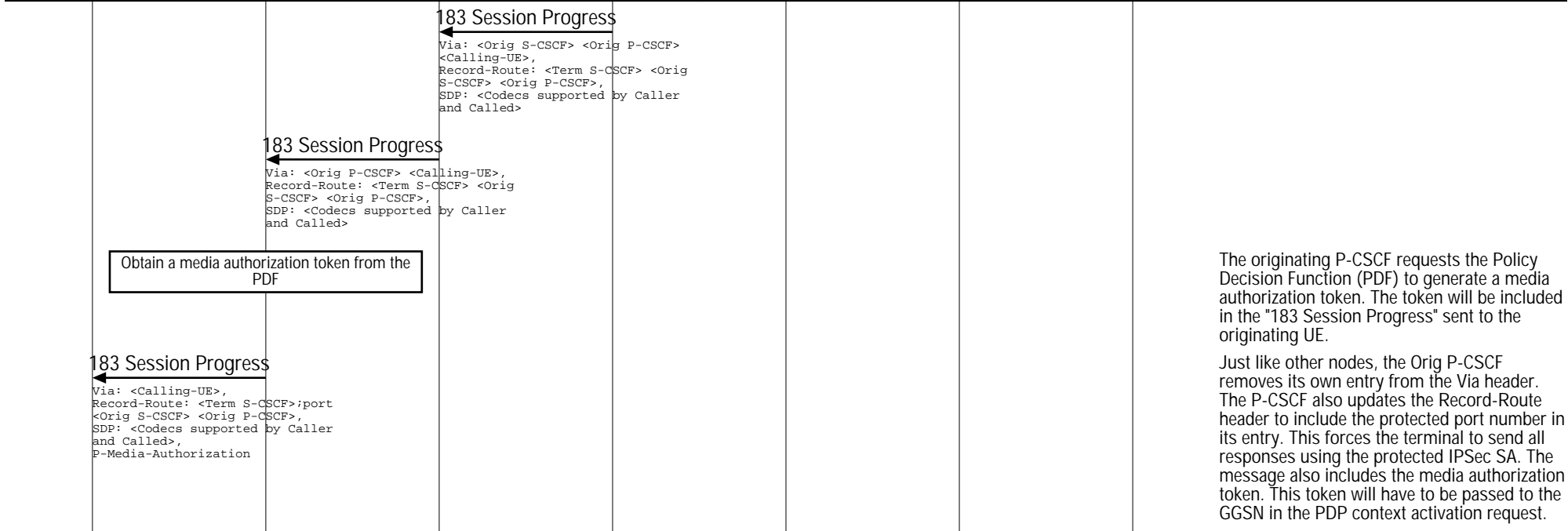
The P-CSCF removes its own Via header entry and addresses the message to the top via header (Term S-CSCF in this case). The P-CSCF also removes the secure port from the Record-Route.

183 Session Progress

```
Via: <Term I-CSCF> <Orig S-CSCF>
<Orig P-CSCF> <Calling-UE>,
Record-Route: <Term S-CSCF> <Orig
S-CSCF> <Orig P-CSCF>,
Contact: <Calling UE IP> :Port,
SDP: <Codecs supported by Caller
and called>
```

183 message just retraces the path of the original INVITE. Each node removes its down entry from the via header and forwards the message to the Via entry at the top. The Record-Route header is not touched.

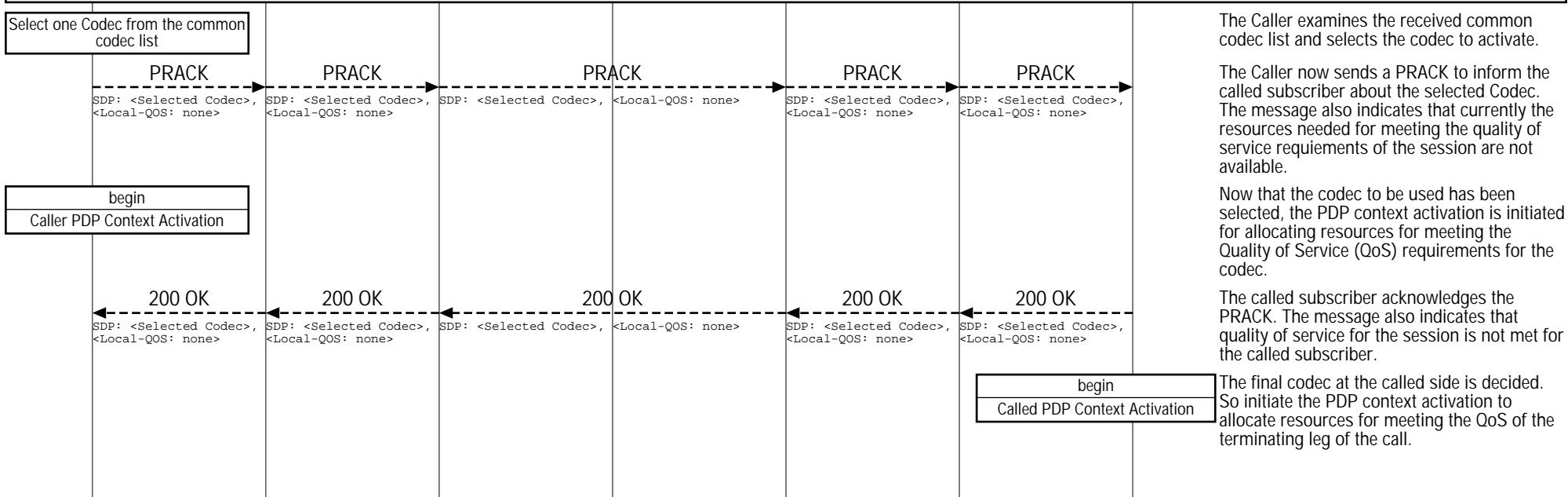
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The originating P-CSCF requests the Policy Decision Function (PDF) to generate a media authorization token. The token will be included in the "183 Session Progress" sent to the originating UE.

Just like other nodes, the Orig P-CSCF removes its own entry from the Via header. The P-CSCF also updates the Record-Route header to include the protected port number in its entry. This forces the terminal to send all responses using the protected IPsec SA. The message also includes the media authorization token. This token will have to be passed to the GGSN in the PDP context activation request.

PDP Context Activation and Audio/Video Path Setup



The Caller examines the received common codec list and selects the codec to activate.

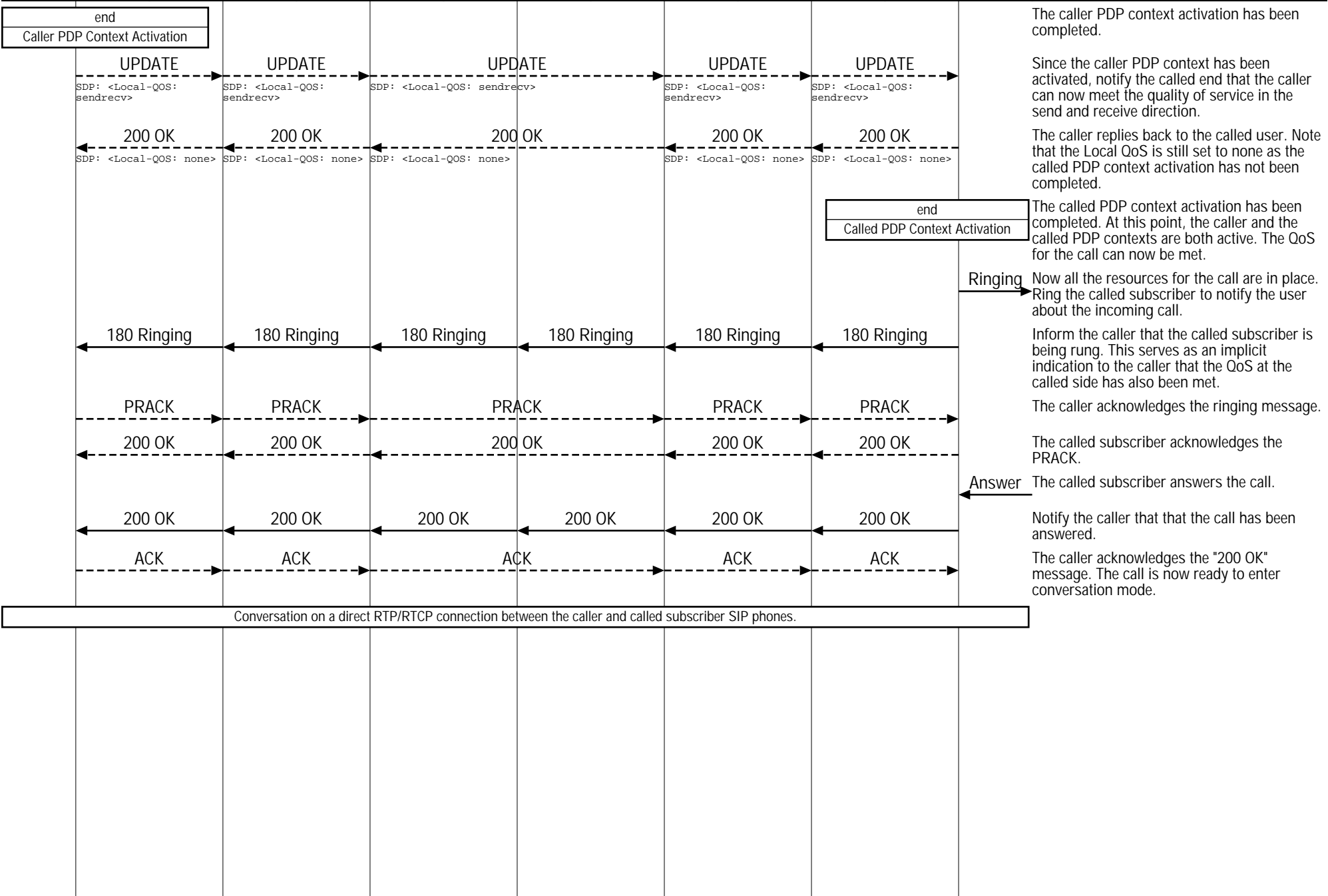
The Caller now sends a PRACK to inform the called subscriber about the selected Codec. The message also indicates that currently the resources needed for meeting the quality of service requirements of the session are not available.

Now that the codec to be used has been selected, the PDP context activation is initiated for allocating resources for meeting the Quality of Service (QoS) requirements for the codec.

The called subscriber acknowledges the PRACK. The message also indicates that quality of service for the session is not met for the called subscriber.

The final codec at the called side is decided. So initiate the PDP context activation to allocate resources for meeting the QoS of the terminating leg of the call.

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Caller	Orig P-CSCF	Orig S-CSCF	Term I-CSCF	Term S-CSCF	Term P-CSCF	Called	15-Dec-07 08:49 (Page 5)



The caller PDP context activation has been completed.

Since the caller PDP context has been activated, notify the called end that the caller can now meet the quality of service in the send and receive direction.

The caller replies back to the called user. Note that the Local QoS is still set to none as the called PDP context activation has not been completed.

The called PDP context activation has been completed. At this point, the caller and the called PDP contexts are both active. The QoS for the call can now be met.

Now all the resources for the call are in place. Ring the called subscriber to notify the user about the incoming call.

Inform the caller that the called subscriber is being rung. This serves as an implicit indication to the caller that the QoS at the called side has also been met.

The caller acknowledges the ringing message.

The called subscriber acknowledges the PRACK.

The called subscriber answers the call.

Notify the caller that that the call has been answered.

The caller acknowledges the "200 OK" message. The call is now ready to enter conversation mode.